Why is West Bridgford a Great Place to Live?





We use grid references to locate places on a map. We give the x-axis then the y-axis (across the hall and up the stairs).

Space, place and scale

Capital Cities of Britain:

London – England, Belfast – Northern Ireland, Edinburgh – Scotland, Cardiff – Wales

4-figure grid references are used to locate places and features on maps (21,25)

Physical Geography



Physical Features are things that would be here if no people were around. e.g. seas, mountains, rivers, valleys, forests. In West Bridgford, we have the River Trent.

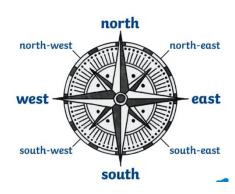
Human Geography



Human Features are things that have been built by people. e.g. houses, roads, bridges, churches, shops, farms, parks. In West Bridgford, we have Trent Bridge, our school, and St Giles' Church.

We can find out about what our local area is like by gathering evidence and completing field work. This can include surveys. We can then analyse what the field work shows.

The UK has **borders** between each country which have changed over time.







	Tally	Frequency
Walk	## ## ## II	
Bus	## ## ## ##	
Cycle	111	
Car	## III	

Prior Knowledge

In Year 2, you defined human and physical features and how they are represented on a map, including keys and symbols. You also contrasted two localities. We learnt about the similarities and differences in human and physical geography between the local area and a place in Mexico.

Key Vocabulary: settlement, hamlet, village, town, city, capital, county, country, continent, urban, rural, population, physical features, human features, land use, recreation, commuters